Abstract: This article is an attempt to assess the contribution of al-£Al¢us³ to the science of Koranic exegesis. His work is at once erudite and extraordinary original, all the more for his rare combination of a traditionalist, salafi religious orientation with a spiritual, mystic temperament of the highest order. In fact, his tafs³r, as this article shows, abounds with the views, dicta and mystic states of the Sufis. At first sight, then, al-£Al¢us³ appears to be, in both academic and spiritual terms, a paradoxical character. Hence much of the article is devoted to probing this apparent contradiction, trying to disentangle the complex strands of al-£Al¢us3's thought and the influences that have contributed to shaping his religious and intellectual outlook. The comments al-£Al¢us³ makes on Sufis and his references to them are closely examined with a view to determine his own stance on Islamic mysticism. The article, written in a manner that draws on al-£Al¢us3's own stylistic devices, aims among other things to reproduce the climate of opinion that prevailed at the time as well as the character and personality of al-£Al¢us³ himself. The analysis gives special attention to Ibn 'Arab3, as al-£Al¢us3 seems to have found in him, in many respects, a kindred spirit. Al-£Al¢us3 is, however, not just another bewitched admirer of Ibn 'Arab3's. For despite the Andalusian master's dazzling command of Arabic and his verbal artistry, al-£Al¢us3's perspicacity and his uncommon touch with common sense never depart him. He has both the courage and wit to criticize Ibn 'Arab3 or to fault him where he finds him errant or swept away, by a heavy dose of mystic euphoria, from the path of shar3'a or reason. His criticisms are